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APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT

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FOR:

WASHER PUMP AND FILTER USED FOR

WASHER PUMP

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WASHER PUMP AND FILTER USED FOR WASHER PUMP

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a washer pump for sucking washing liquid stored in a washer tank and injecting it from a nozzle. The present invention also relates to a filter used for the washer pump.

2. Related Art

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This type washer pump is disclosed in Japanese Utility Model Publication No. H02-60659U shown in Figs. 10 13 and 14. As shown in Fig. 13, this washer pump 1 is attached via the cylindrical communicating member 6, the outer circumference of which is engaged with the liquid discharge port 5b formed on the side wall 5a of the washer tank 5. The pump case 2 of this washer pump 1 15 includes: a motor chamber 2a accommodating the armature 3 rotating when electricity is supplied to it; and a pump chamber 2b accommodating the impeller 4 rotating being coupled to the armature shaft 3a of the armature 3. 20 cylindrical liquid suction port 2c communicating with the pump chamber 2b is inserted into the inner circumference of the communicating member 6. As shown in Fig. 14, the filter 7 for filtering washing liquid W is arranged in the communicating member 6.

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When a predetermined intensity of electric power is supplied from the connector 2e for supplying electric power to the washer pump 1 via a switch not shown in the drawing, the armature 3 is rotated and the impeller 4 is rotated in the pump chamber 2b. When the impeller 4 is 5 rotated, washing liquid W stored in the washer tank 5 is sucked from the liquid suction port 2c into the pump At the same time, washing liquid W is chamber 2b. discharged from the liquid discharge port 2d communicated with the pump chamber 2b. Washing liquid W, which has 10 been discharged from the liquid discharge port 2d, is supplied to the nozzle 9 flowing in the liquid supply pipe 8 and injected from the nozzle 9 to a washing face not shown in the drawing.

While washing liquid W is being sucked from the liquid discharge port 5b of the washer tank 5 into the liquid suction port 2c of the washer pump 1 via the communicating member 6, foreign objects such as dust are removed and filtered by the mesh-like filtering portion 7a of the filter 7 provided in the communicating member 6. Therefore, no foreign objects are sucked into the pump chamber 2b of the washer pump 1. Due to the foregoing, the occurrence of damage of the impeller in the pump chamber 2b caused by the mixed foreign objects

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can be prevented. Also, the occurrence of blinding of the nozzle 9 can be prevented.

of the aforementioned However, in the case conventional washer pump 1, a centrifugal type washer pump is adopted, the suction pressure of which is so low sucking operation cannot be performed. Therefore, when the washer pump 1 is operated, it is impossible for the centrifugal type washer pump to let air out of the pump chamber 2b so as to reduce the to negative. pressure in the pump chamber 2b be Therefore, the impeller 4 is idly rotated, and it is impossible to discharge washing liquid W from the liquid discharge port 2d of the pump chamber 2b. Especially in the case where the mesh-like filtering portion 7a is arranged in the communicating member 6 or a check valve is arranged in the liquid supply pipe 8 for communicating the pump chamber 2b with the nozzle 9 is arranged, when washing liquid W is poured into the washer tank 5, a water film formed on the filter 7 by the action of surface tension can not be torn away even when the washer pump 1 is operated, and the impeller 4 is idly rotated and washing liquid W can not be discharged from the liquid discharge port 2d of the pump chamber 2b. In the conventional washer pump, this phenomenon remarkably appears.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention has been accomplished to solve It is an object of the present the above problems. invention to provide a washer pump and a filter, which is used for the washer pump, characterized in that: even if a water film is formed on the filter, the water film on the filter is torn away by letting air out from a pump chamber so as to make the pressure in the pump chamber negative and washing liquid is sucked into the pump chamber and positively discharged out from a liquid discharge port.

- (1) The invention provides a washer pump comprising:
- a case which is partitioned into a motor chamber and a pump chamber;
- an armature accommodated in the motor chamber, the 15 armature having an armature shaft rotatable when the armature is electrically energized;
 - an impeller accommodated in the pump chamber and coupled to the armature shaft so as to be rotatable;
- a liquid suction port communicating with the pump 20 chamber from which washing liquid is sucked into the pump chamber by a rotation of the impeller;
 - a liquid discharge port communicating with the pump chamber from which the washing liquid is discharged; and

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a filter detachably attached in the liquid suction port for filtering the washing liquid,

wherein a ventilation hole is formed on a partition wall between the pump chamber and the liquid suction port, so that an air passage communicating with the ventilation hole is provided in the filter.

(2) The invention provides a washer pump, wherein the filter is provided with a filter body having a cylindrical circumferential wall and a bottom wall, each of the bottom wall and the circumferential wall of the filter body being formed with mesh-like filtering portions, and

a part of the circumferential wall is formed into a duct portion functioning as an air passage extending in the longitudinal direction of the filter.

The invention provides a washer pump, wherein the duct portion is extended from an opening side of the filter so as to horizontally protrude from the bottom wall, and a cutout portion formed on a bottom face of the duct portion at a rear side thereof is made to closely come into contact with an attachment portion having flat faces in a stepped manner in the liquid suction port.

In the washer pump of the invention, even when a water film is formed on the filter, air is let out from the pump chamber via the air passage, and the pressure in

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the pump chamber is reduced to be negative. Therefore, the water film on the filter is torn away. Due to the foregoing, washing liquid is sucked into the pump chamber and positively discharged out from the liquid discharge port.

(4) Further, the invention provides a filter adapted to be installed in a washer pump including a case partitioned into a motor chamber which accommodates an armature having an armature shaft that is rotatable when the armature is electrically energized, and a pump chamber which accommodates an impeller that is coupled to the armature shaft of the armature so as to be rotatable, wherein washing liquid is sucked into the pump chamber from a liquid suction port, which is communicated with 15 the pump chamber by the rotation of the impeller, and the washing liquid is discharged from a liquid discharge port which is communicated with the pump chamber;

wherein a filter body for filtering the washing liquid is detachably attached to the liquid suction port, an air passage is provided in the filter body, so that the air passage is communicated with a ventilation hole provided on a partition wall for partitioning the pump chamber and the liquid suction port.

(5) The present invention provides a filter used for 25 a washer pump, wherein the filter body includes a

substantially cylindrical circumferential wall and a bottom wall, each of the circumferential wall and the bottom wall being formed into a mesh-like filtering portion, and

- a part of the circumferential wall is formed into a duct portion functioning as an air passage extending in the longitudinal direction of the filter.
- (6) The present invention provides a filter used for a washer pump, wherein the duct portion is extended from an opening side of the filter so as to horizontally protrude from the bottom wall, and a cutout portion formed on a bottom face of the duct portion at a rear side thereof is made to closely come into contact with an attachment portion having flat faces in a stepped manner in the liquid suction port.

According to the filter of the invention, even when a water film is formed on the filter body, air is let out from the pump chamber in the washer pump to the outside of the pump chamber via the ventilation hole and the air passage. Therefore, the pump chamber is set into a state of negative pressure, and the water film formed on the filter body is torn away. Due to the foregoing, washing liquid is sucked from the pump chamber and positively discharged out from the liquid discharge port.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- Fig. 1 is a sectional view taken on line A A in Fig. 3 showing a washer pump of an embodiment of the present invention;
- Fig. 2 is a sectional view taken on line B B in Fig. 3;
 - Fig. 3 is a bottom view of the washer pump;
 - Fig. 4 is a sectional view taken on line C C in
 Fig. 2;
- Fig. 5 is a longitudinal sectional view of a liquid sucking portion of the washer pump;
 - Fig. 6 is a perspective view of the filter used for the washer pump;
 - Fig. 7 is a front view of the filter;
- Fig. 8 is a rear view of the filter;
 - Fig. 9 is a plan view of the filter;
 - Fig. 10 is a side view of the filter;
 - Fig. 11 is a bottom view of the filter;
- Fig. 12 is a schematic illustration showing a state 20 in which the washer pump is attached;
 - Fig. 13 is a sectional side view showing a primary part of the conventional washer pump; and
 - Fig. 14 is a partial perspective view showing a primary part of the conventional washer pump.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Referring to the drawings, an embodiment of the present invention will be explained below.

Fig. 1 is a sectional view taken on line A - A in Fig. 3 showing a washer pump of an embodiment of the present invention, Fig. 2 is a sectional view taken on line B - B in Fig. 3, Fig. 3 is a bottom view of the washer pump, Fig. 4 is a sectional view taken on line C -C in Fig. 2, Fig. 5 is a longitudinal sectional view of a liquid sucking portion of the washer pump, Fig. 6 is a perspective view of the filter used for the washer pump, Fig. 7 is a front view of the filter, Fig. 8 is a rear view of the filter, Fig. 9 is a plan view of the filter, Fig. 10 is a side view of the filter, Fig. 11 is a bottom is a schematic view of the filter, and Fig. 12 illustration showing a state in which the washer pump is attached.

As shown in Figs. 1, 2 and 12, the washer pump 10 is attached via the cylindrical communicating member 6 made of synthetic resin, the outer circumference of which is engaged with the liquid discharge port 5b formed on the side wall 5a of the washer tank 5 made of synthetic resin. The case 11 of the washer pump 10 includes: a motor chamber 11A, which accommodates an armature 20 rotated when it is electrically energized; and a pump

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chamber 11B, which accommodates an impeller 22 rotated being coupled to an armature shaft 21 of the armature 20. Washing liquid W is sucked into the pump chamber 11B from a liquid suction port 16, which is communicated with the pump chamber 11B, by the rotation of the impeller 22, and washing liquid W is discharged from a liquid discharge port 18 which is communicated with the pump chamber 11B. Washing liquid W discharged from the liquid discharge port 18 is supplied to a pair of nozzles 9, 9 when it flows in the liquid supply pipe 8 and injected to a washing face not shown from the pair of nozzles 9, 9.

As shown in Figs. 1 and 2, the case 11 includes: a cylindrical pump case 12 made of synthetic resin forming the motor chamber 11A inside the peripheral wall 12a, the upper face of which is open; a pump cover 13 made of synthetic resin, the cross section of which is a substantial U-shape, fixed to the outer circumferential portion 12d of the bottom wall (partition wall) of the pump case 12, for example, by means of welding, the pump chamber 11B being formed inside the pump cover 13; and a motor cover 14 made of synthetic resin engaged with the inner circumference of the opening portion 12b of the pump case 12. The connector 15 for supplying electric power made of synthetic resin is engaged with the outer

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circumference of the opening portion 12b of the pump case 12.

inner circumferential face οf the 12a of the pump case 12, the circumferential wall cylindrical yoke 23 made of metal is fixed. On the inner circumferential face of this yoke 23, the magnet 24 is fixed, for example, by fixing means such as a spring or Between the bearing 25 engaged with the additive. spherical recess portion 14a at the center of the motor cover 14 and the bearing 26 engaged with the spherical inner circumferential face of the cylindrical portion 12e at the center of the bottom wall 12c of the pump case 12, the upper end portion 21a and the lower portion 21c of respectively pivotally shaft 21 are armature supported. A portion between the cylindrical portion 12e at the center of the bottom wall 12c of the pump case 12 and the lower portion 21c of the armature shaft 21 is sealed by the annular seal body 27. The motor chamber 11A is water-tightly kept from the pump chamber 11B by this seal body 27.

The armature 20 is attached at a position opposed to the magnet 24 of the armature shaft 21. This armature 20 includes: an armature core 20a fixed at the substantial center of the armature shaft 21 in the axial direction, having the coil winding portion 20b, the number of slots

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of which is predetermined; and an armature coil 20c which is wound round the coil winding portion 20b of the armature coil 20a.

The commutator 28 is fixed to the upper portion 21b of the armature shaft 21. This commutator 28 is provided with the commutator pieces 28a, the number of which is the same as that of the coil winding portion 20b of the armature core 20a. Each commutator piece 28a and the armature coil 20c are electrically connected with each other.

At a position on the motor cover 14 opposed to the commutator 28, a pair of brush holders 14b, 14b are fixed. The brush 29 is attached to each brush holder 14b. Each brush 29 is electrically connected with a washer circuit not shown via a pair of terminals 15b, 15b of the connector 15 for supplying electric power. When a washer switch not shown is turned on, an electric current flows to the armature 20 via the pair of terminals 15b, 15b, which extend into the connector attaching portion 15a of the connector 15 for supplying electric power, and via each brush 29 and the commutator piece 28a. Therefore, the armature shaft is normally rotated.

The cylindrical portion 22a of the impeller 22 is combined with the lower end portion 21d of the armature shaft 21 in such a manner that the cylindrical portion

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22a of the impeller 22 can not be relatively rotated in the circumferential direction with respect to armature shaft 21 but can be slid in the axial direction. On the outer circumference of this cylindrical portion 22a, there are provided a plurality of blades 22b in the radial direction at regular intervals in such a manner that the plurality of blades 22b protrude from the outer circumference being integrated into one body.

As shown in Figs. 1, 5 and 12, on the bottom wall 10 12c of the circumferential wall 12a of the pump case 12, there is provided a cylindrical liquid suction port 16 which protrudes from the bottom wall 12c being integrated into one body. When this cylindrical liquid suction port 16 is inserted into the inner circumference of the cylindrical communicating member 6 of the Washer tank 5, the washer pump 10 can be attached to the washer tank 5. The liquid suction port 16 is communicated with the pump chamber 11B via the hole-shaped liquid introducing portion 17 formed at the center of the bottom wall 12c. Further, as shown in Figs. 1 and 5, in the periphery (on wall 12a side) of the circumferential circumferential edge of the bottom wall 12c, which is a partition wall to partition the pump chamber 11B and the motor chamber 11A, the ventilation hole 12f, which is a hole for letting air out, is formed so that it penetrates

in the axial direction (the upward and downward direction). The liquid suction port 16 and the pump chamber 11B are also communicated with each other by this ventilation hole 12f.

As shown in Figs. 2 and 4, at the central portion in 5 axial direction (the upward and the downward direction) of the bottom wall 12c, which is a partition wall to partition the motor chamber 11A and the pump chamber 11B, there are provided a plurality of chambers 19 which are arranged in the circumferential direction at 10 In this embodiment, there are regular intervals. provided a pair of chambers 19, 19 which are arranged at other symmetrical to each in the positions circumferential direction. That is, the recess portions 12g, 12g are respectively formed at positions symmetrical 15 to each other in the circumferential direction toward the inside from the central portion in the axial direction of the outer circumferential edge of the outer circumference 12d of the bottom wall 12c. By the pair of recess portions 12g, 12g and the circumferential wall 13a of the 20 pump cover 13, the chambers 19, 19 are respectively formed. As shown in Figs. 2 and 4, on the bottom wall 12c of the pump case 12 inside the upper face 19a of each chamber 19, the inside ventilation hole 12h communicating with the motor chamber 11A is formed so that it 25

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penetrates in the axial direction (the upward and the downward direction). As shown in Figs. 2 and 3, in the outer circumferential portion of the bottom wall 13c of the pump cover 13, which is located at a position lower in the axial direction than the outer circumferential edge of the bottom wall 12c of the lower face 19b of each chamber 19, there are provided a plurality of outside ventilation holes 13h communicating with the outside air which are arranged in the circumferential direction at regular intervals.

Further, as shown in Fig. 2, on the lower face 19b 19, there is provided a conical each chamber inclination face in such a manner that a distance of the conical inclination face from the upper face 19a of the the chamber is increased as it comes to circumference of the bottom wall 12c. The upper face 12i of the bottom wall 12c of the upper face 19a of the chamber is formed into a conical inclination face which inclines upward in the axial direction (the upward and the downward direction) as it comes to the circumference from the central portion in the radial direction. By this upper face 12i, water staying in the motor chamber 11A can be positively discharged outside from the inside air communicating hole 12h via the

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outside ventilation hole 13h.

inclined lower face 19b of each chamber 19 and the

As shown in Fig. 2, there is provided a gap t between the outer circumferential portion 12d of the bottom wall 12c of the pump case 12 and the forward end portion 13b of the circumferential wall 13a of the pump cover 13.

Further, as shown in Figs. 1 and 3, at the position opposed to the liquid suction port 16 of the circumferential wall 13a of the pump cover 13, the cylindrical liquid discharge port 18 is integrally formed being protruded. This cylindrical liquid discharge port 18 is communicated with each nozzle 9 via the liquid supply pipe 8.

As shown in Figs. 1 and 5, the filter 30 for filtering the washing liquid W is detachably attached in the liquid suction port 16 of the pump case 12. This filter 30 is provided with a filter body 31 made of synthetic resin, which is attached to the liquid suction port 16, for filtering the washing liquid W flowing in the liquid suction port 16. As shown in Figs. 5 to 11, the filter 31 is formed into a substantial cylinder having a bottom. The circumferential wall 32 and the bottom wall 33 are formed into a mesh-like filtering portion for filtering foreign objects such as dust

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contained in the washing liquid W. A part of the circumferential wall 32 is formed into a semi-cylindrical (reverse-V-shaped groove) duct portion (air passage) 34 extending in the longitudinal direction. As shown in Figs. 1 and 5, this duct portion 34 extends so that it protrudes horizontally from the opening side of the filter body 31 to the outside of the bottom wall 33. When the filter body 31 is attached to the liquid suction port 16 of the pump case 12, the cutout portion 34a of the bottom face of the rear portion of the duct portion 34 closely comes into contact with an attachment portion 16a having flat faces in a stepped manner in cylindrical liquid suction port 16, and the rear end portion of the duct portion 34 is tightly communicated with the vertical ventilation hole 12f which is formed penetrating the bottom wall 12c for partitioning the pump chamber 11B and the liquid suction port 16. Due to the foregoing, as shown by the arrows in Fig. 5, air is injected into the washer tank 5 from the pump chamber 11B flowing from the ventilation hole 12f in the duct portion 34 so as to let out the air from the pump chamber 11B.

In this connection, as shown in Fig. 12, the washing liquid pouring port 5c of the washer tank 5 is covered with the lid 5d made of synthetic resin.

According to the washer pump 10 of the above embodiment, when washing liquid W is poured from the washing liquid pouring port 5c into the washer tank 5, a water film is formed on the circumferential wall 32 and the bottom wall 33 which are a mesh-like filtering portion of the filter 30. Due to the water film formed on the filter 30, no washing liquid W enters the pump chamber 11B. Therefore, the pump chamber 11B is filled with air.

electric current generated by 10 an predetermined electric power source is supplied from the connector 15 for supplying electric power via a switch not shown to the armature 20 of the washer pump 10, the armature 20 is rotated. By the rotation of the armature 20, in the pump chamber 11B of the washer pump 10, the 15 impeller 22, which is coupled to the armature shaft 21 in such a manner that the impeller 22 and the armature shaft 21 can not be mutually rotated with each other, Therefore, positive air pressure is given to the outer circumferential portion of the pump chamber 20 Due to the foregoing, as shown by the arrows in Fig. 5, air is injected into the washer tank 5 from the pump chamber 11B flowing from the ventilation hole 12f of the pump case 12 in the duct portion 34 of the filter 30.

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Due to this injection of air, the pump chamber 11B is set into a state of negative pressure.

By the action of negative pressure, a water film formed on the circumferential wall 32 and the bottom wall 33, which are a mesh-like filtering portion of the filter 30, is torn away, and washing liquid W enters the pump Then, by the plurality of blades 22b of the impeller 4 rotated by the armature 20, washing liquid W stored in the washer tank 5 is sucked from the liquid suction port 16 into the pump chamber 11B via the liquid introducing portion 17 and discharged from the liquid discharge port 18 communicating with the pump chamber liquid W discharged from the liquid Washing 11B. discharge port 18 is sent to the nozzle 9, flowing in the liquid supply pipe 8 and injected from the nozzle 9 to a washing face.

While the washing liquid W is being sucked from the liquid supply port 5b of the washer tank 5 into the liquid suction port 16 of the washer pump 10 via the communicating member 6, foreign objects such as dust can be filtered and removed by the circumferential wall 32 and the bottom wall 33 which are the mesh-like filtering portion of the filter body 31 engaged with the liquid Therefore, no foreign objects are suction port 16. sucked into the pump chamber 11B of the washer pump 10.

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Accordingly, damage of the impeller 22 caused when foreign objects are mixed into the washing liquid W and blinding of the nozzle 9 can be positively prevented.

As described above, the filter body 31 of the filter 30 for filtering washing liquid W is engaged with the liquid suction port 16 of the washer pump 10, and the duct portion 34, which is an air passage, is integrally formed in this filter body 31, and this duct portion 34 is communicated with the pump chamber 11B via the ventilation hole 12f formed on the bottom wall 12c which partitions the pump chamber 11B of the washer pump 10 and the liquid suction port 16. Due to the foregoing, even if a water film is formed on the filter body 31, when the pump chamber 11B is made into a state of negative pressure by letting air out from the pump chamber 11b into the washer tank 5 via the ventilation hole 12f and the duct portion 34, it is possible to tear away the water film formed on the filter body 31. Due to the foregoing, washing liquid W can be positively sucked into the pump chamber 11B and discharged out from the liquid discharge port 18.

Between the bottom wall 12c, which partitions the motor chamber 11A of the washer pump 10 and the pump chamber 11B, and the circumferential wall 13a of the pump cover 13, a pair of chambers 19, 19 are formed, and the

inside ventilation hole 12h, which communicates with the motor chamber 11A penetrating the bottom wall 12c on the upper face 19a of each chamber 19, is formed, and a plurality of outside ventilation holes 13h, communicate with the outside air, are respectively formed in the outer circumferential portion of the bottom wall 13c of the pump cover 13 located at a lower portion in axial direction with respect to the the circumferential edge of the bottom wall 12c of the lower face 19b of each chamber 19. 10 Therefore, even when the case 11 of the washer pump 10 is covered with water in all directions, the water stays in each chamber 19. Further, a labyrinth structure is formed in such a manner that each inside ventilation hole 12h is formed inside in the radial direction with respect to each outside ventilation hole 13h. Therefore, it is possible to positively prevent the water from entering the motor chamber 11A.

Concerning the bottom wall 12c on the upper face 19a of the chamber, the upper face 121 is formed into an 20 inclined face. Even when water enters the motor chamber 11A, the water is guided by the upper face 12i of the bottom wall 12c, which is formed on the inclined face, and moves into each inside ventilation hole 12h and enters each chamber 19. Therefore, even when water gets 25

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into the motor chamber 11A, the water can be quickly discharged from the motor chamber 11A.

The lower face 19b of the chamber is formed into an inclined face in such a manner that when the lower face 19b comes close to the outer circumference of the bottom wall 12c, a distance from the lower face 19b to the upper face 19a of the chamber is increased. Therefore, water staying in each chamber 19 is guided by the lower face 19b of the chamber and drops downward and is positively discharged outside via each outside ventilation hole 13h.

In the above embodiment, the semicylindrical duct, which is used as an air passage, is integrally formed in the filter body of the filter, however, a cylindrical ventilation tube may be formed in the filter body so that it can be used as an air passage.

According to the washer pump described in claim 1, 2 or 3, a ventilation hole is provided on the partition wall to partition the pump chamber and the liquid suction port, a filter for filtering the washing liquid is detachably attached to the liquid suction port, an air passage is provided in the filter, and the air passage is communicated with the ventilation hole. Therefore, even if a water film is formed on the filter, when the pump chamber is made into a state of negative pressure by letting air out from the pump chamber via the ventilation

hole and the air passage, it is possible to tear away the water film formed in the filter. Due to the foregoing, the washing liquid can be sucked into the pump chamber. and positively discharged from the liquid discharge port.

According to the filter used for the washer pump of the invention described in claim 4, 5 or 6, a filter body for filtering the washing liquid is detachably attached to the liquid suction port, an air passage is provided in the filter body, and the air passage is communicated with a ventilation hole provided on a partition wall for partitioning the pump chamber and the liquid suction Therefore, even if a water film is formed on chamber. the filter body, when the pump chamber is made into a state of negative pressure by letting air out from the pump chamber via the ventilation hole and the passage, it is possible to tear away the water film formed in the filter. Due to the foregoing, the washing liquid can be sucked into the pump chamber and positively discharged from the liquid discharge port.

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